Technical Data



WATKINS-JOHNSON

May 1996

Digital HF Receiver WJ-8712A



The WJ-8712A is a fully synthesized, general-purpose HF receiver for surveillance and monitoring of RF communications from 5 kHz to 30 MHz with 1-Hz tuning resolution. The unit is packaged in a 3.5 x 8.25 x 20 inch (8.89 x 20.96 x 50.80 cm) half-rack enclosure with a blank front-panel, and utilizes the same RF and Digital printed circuit boards as the WJ-8711A. By combining analog and digital signal processing (DSP), the WJ-8712A achieves high performance at low cost.

The WJ-8712A is operated remotely via one of two selectable serial interfaces. With the exception of audio output level and remote control mode selection, all receiver parameters are controllable and accessible via an RS-232 remote interface. In lieu of the RS-232 interface, an operator can enable a Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA) with a limited instruction set interface. The enabled CSMA controls the WJ-8712A by using a command protocol similar to several popular consumer receivers. Selection of the active interface is via an internal switch setting or by front panel entry. Contact the factory for a detailed list of remote control commands,

Features

- ☐ Frequency coverage from 5 kHz to 30 MHz in 1-Hz steps
- ☐ High dynamic range: +30dBm3rd-order intercept typical
- ☐ Digital filtering provides 66 IFBWs up to 16 kHz with exceptional shape factors
- ☐ AM, SAM, FM, CW, USB, LSB & ISB detection mode standard
- ☐ *Fast, flexible scanning with 100 memory channels*
- \square 3.5-in(8.89 cm)high, half-rack configuration
- ☐ *Noise blanking & passband tuning*
- ☐ Tunable IF notchfilter
- ☐ Internal switchable Preamplifier & Attenuator
- ☐ Internally-selectable RS-232 or CSMA remote control
- ☐ Extensive built-in selftest
- ☐ Numerous options including: IEEE-488 or multidrop RS-485 remote control, suboctave preselector, digital data output, speech enhancement

HEIGHT 3.5 in (8.89 cm) **DEPTH** 20 in(50.80 cm) **WIDTH** 8.25 in (20.96 cm) **WEIGHT** < 12 lbs (5.5 kg)

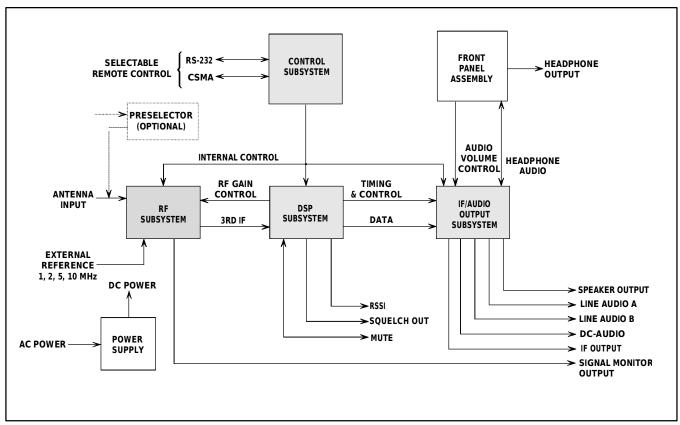
WATKINS-JOHNSON COMPANY

700 Quince Orchard Road, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878-1794 Phone: (800) WJHELPS or +(301) 948-7550

FAX: +(301) 921-9479 Email: wj.helps@wj.com Website: www.wj.com

All International sales of WJ equipment are subject to USA export license approval.

This material provides up-to-date general information on product performance and use. It is not contractual in nature, nor does it provide warranty of any kind.



WJ-8712A Functional Block Diagram

in order to eliminate any confusion over the extent of the available commands included in each type of interface.

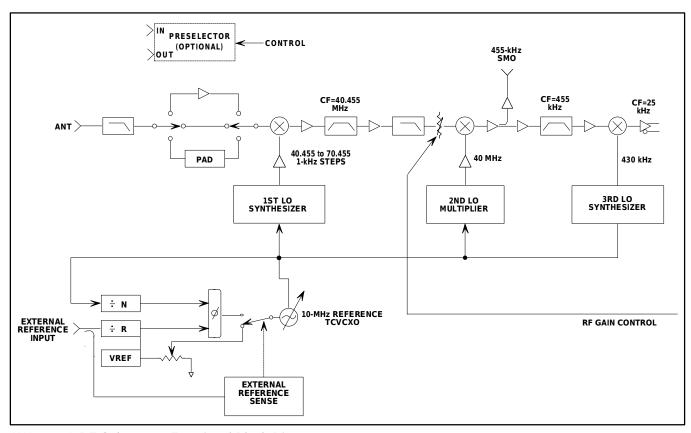
In addition to fixed-frequency tuning, the WJ-8712A provides a fast, flexible scanning capability. Three scan modes are available: channel scan, F1-F2 scan, and F1-F2 scan with lockouts. For all scan modes, the dwell time can be set from 0.5 to 20 seconds or infinite. In channel scan mode, 100 programmable memory channels are available.

Functions such as noise blanking, tunable notch filter, IF filtering, Automatic-Gain Control (AGC), demodulation, and Beat Frequency Oscillator (BFO) are accomplished through the use of DSP techniques. Filters with superior amplitude and group delay characteristics are achieved with digital stability and repeatability. There are 66 selectable IF bandwidths (IFBWs) ranging from 60 Hz to 16 kHz (Table 2). Available detection modes are AM, synchronous AM (SAM), FM, CW, USB, LSB, and ISB. A tunable BFO can be adjusted in 10-Hz steps over a ± 8000 Hz range. Passband tuning further enhances the reception of CW signals. Gain

control can be accomplished manually or automatically, with variable fast, medium, and slow AGC modes. When the signal drops below a user-specified level, enabling the variable AGC threshold forces the receiver into manual gain. The squelch threshold is adjustable from 0 to -135 dBm, or it can be disabled.

A tunable IF notch allows an operator to tune a Digital Notch Filter through the selected IFBW, in order to eliminate undesired signals within the IF passband. Typical notch 3-dB bandwidth is 10 to 20 percent of the selected IFBW and provides 50-dB of rejection (typical). The notch filter is a nonlinear phase IIR Filter and should not be used when flat group-delay response is required. The notch filter is not available in CW detection mode.

All receiver inputs and outputs are available on the rear panel of the unit, with the exception of the front-panel-mounted headphone jack and associated volume control. The antenna and external reference inputs, as well as the signal monitor and predetected IF outputs, are available on BNC connectors. Speaker and dual-balanced line audio outputs are available on a terminal



WJ-8712A RF Subsystem Functional Block Diagram

strip along with dc-coupled audio, RSSI and squelch outputs, and a mute control input. The RS-232 interface is available on a 25-pin D-shell connector, and the CSMA interface is provided via a miniature phone jack.

The WJ-8712A is mountable in a standard 19-inch (48.26 cm) equipment rack occupying 3.5 inches (8.89 cm) of vertical rack space. The standard configuration is two units mounted side-by-side. Using an optional blank rack (WJ-8712/BR) allows the mounting of a single unit in the 19-inch (48.26 cm) rack. The internal power supply accepts 97 to 253 Vac (47 to 440 Hz line power) and automatically adjusts to the input line voltage. Total power consumption of the unit is less than 30 watts.

Functional Description

As illustrated in WJ-8712A functional block diagram, the WJ-8712A is divided into four functional subsystems: RF, DSP, IF/Audio Output and Control. The WJ-8712A RF Subsystem functional block diagram provides a block diagram of the RF Subsystem. The 5 kHz to 30 MHz RF signal is applied

to the receiver's antenna input, lowpass filtered, and then either amplified, attenuated, or routed to the normal through-path based on user selection. The signal is then mixed with the first local oscillator (LO), which tunes from 40.455 MHz to 70.455 MHz in 1-kHz steps, to produce a first IF of 40.455 MHz. The first IF filter limits the bandwidth of the signal to approximately 30 kHz before mixing it with the 40-MHz second LO to produce a second IF at 455 kHz. A sample of the second IF is provided on a rear panel for connection to a signal display unit. After passing through the second IF filter, the signal is mixed with the 430-kHz third LO to produce the third IF centered at 25 kHz.

All LOs are derived from an internal 10-MHz oscillator that is lockable to an external reference input of 1, 2, 5 or 10 MHz. The WJ-8712A automatically senses and switches to the external reference upon application of signal. All critical timing signals used in the DSP and IF/Audio Output Subsystems are also derived from this reference.

The DSP Subsystem performs the majority of the signal processing functions within the receiver. The third IF signal from the RF Subsystem is digitized to 16 bits of

resolution at a sampling rate of 100 kHz. This digitized IF signal is applied to a programmable DSP chip that performs the following functions, based on operator selection of the receiver's parameters:

- Noise blanking
- Fine tuning to 1-Hz resolution
- Tunable notch filtering
- IF filtering
- Gain control (AGC-fast, -medium, -slow, or manual)
- Signal strength and squelch functions
- Signal demodulation and BFO
- Generation of a multiplexed digital data-stream containing one or two demodulated audio channels and a post-filtered IF signal

The IF/Audio Output Subsystem performs the analog reconstruction of the IF and audio signals provided by the DSP Subsystem in digital form. The analog audio signals are routed through two distinct signal paths to

accommodate ISB detection mode. In all other detection modes, both paths contain identical audio signals. These two audio paths are processed to provide a two-channel headphone output, two balanced 600-ohm line audio outputs, and an 8-ohm speaker output containing one or both audio channels in ISB mode. After analog reconstruction, the IF signal is upconverted to 455 kHz, passed through a bandpass roofing-filter to remove mixer products, buffered, and routed to the rear-panel IF output connector.

The microprocessor-based Control Subsystem performs the receiver's internal control and provides a remote control function through either the RS-232 or CSMA interface. The Control Subsystem also monitors hardware status within the receiver and, when commanded, performs a built-in test sequence that isolates circuit faults to the module level.

IF Filter Specifications

3-dB Bandwidth (kHz)**	Maximum Shape Factor (3/60 dB)	Typical Group Delay Variation (100% of 3-dB Bandwidth)
0.3	1.35:1	50 μS
1.0	1.40:1	30 µS
3.2	1.25:1	30 µS
6.0	1.25:1	40 μS
16.0	1.25:1	60 μS
USB/LSB/ISB (3.2)	1.25:1	30 μS

See typical plots on pages 7 & 8.

IF Filter Set (Nominal 3-dB Bandwidth in Hz)

56	113	225	450	900	1800	3600	7200	14400
63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	16000
69	138	275	550	1100	2200	4400	8800	
75	150	300	600	1200	2400	4800	9600	
81	163	325	650	1300	2600	5200	10400	
88	175	350	700	1400	2800	5600	11200	
94	188	375	750	1500	3000	6000	12000	
100	200	400	800	1600	3200	6400	12800	

The 900 through 3200 Hz bandwidths are available in SSB detection mode.

Specifications

Frequency Range	
Tuning Resolution	
Internal Reference Stability	
External Reference Frequency	
Synthesizer Lock Time	>10 msec, typical
Antenna Input	
Impedance	
VSWR	2:1, max at receiver's tuned frequency
Maximum Input Signal	+30 dBm
Connector	BNC, female
3rd-Order Intercept Point	+30 dBm typical
	+25 dBm, min (for signals separated by 50 kHz, min)
2nd-Order Intercept Point	+60 dBm, typical
Noise Figure	14 dB, max (11 dB, max with Preamplifier engaged)
Detection Modes	SAM, AM, FM, CW, USB, LSB & ISB (Consult factory for additional modes)
C 141 - 14 /FOO - 1 - 4 - 20 M -	

Sensitivity (500 kHz to 30 MHz)

CW Sensitivity, 5 kHz to 500 kHz, without Preamp

Modulation	IFBW (kHz)	S+N/N (dB)	Without Preamp Min dBm/(mV)
AM (50% mod. at 400 Hz)	6.0	10	-103/(1.58)
FM (4.8-kHz dev. 400 Hz mod)	16.0	17	-99/(2.50)
USB/LSB/ISB	3.2	10	-112/(0.56)
CW	0.3	16	-116/(0.35)

ı	(0.3-kHz IF Bandwidth)	
l	50 to 500 kHz	-113 dBm/0.5 mV typical for 16 dB S+N/N

20 to 50 kHz-105 dBm/1.27 mV typical for 16 dB S+N/N 5 to 20 kHz-78 dBm/28 mV typical for 16 dB S+N/N

IF Output

frequencies)

Signal Monitor Output

Bandwidth 30 kHz (-6dB), min

Gain Control Modes Manual, AGC-Fast, -Medium & -Slow

AGC Range 100 dB, min

bandwidth

Variable from -125 dBm (0.12 mV) in 300-Hz bandwidth (Threshold minimum matched with IFBW & is typically 10 dB above noise floor)

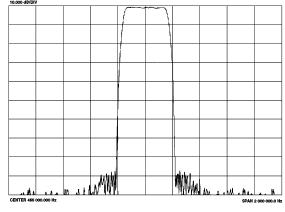
AGC Attack Time	5 msec typical
AGC Decay Time	
AGC Decay Time	Med: 100 msec to 1 sec
	Slow: 1 to 5 sec
	310W. 1 to 3 Sec
Selectable Front-End Gain/Attenuation	
Preamplifier Gain	
Attenuation	15 dB (<u>+</u> 2 dB)
вью	
	10000 11-
Tuning Range	
Tuning Resolution	10 Hz
1st Image Rejection	90 dR min
IF Rejection	85 dB, mimn(>90 dB, typical)
ll and the	550 ID 15 III (6 1 1 1 1
LO Phase Noise	110 dBc at 1-kHz offset, typical
Reciprocal Mixing	With a desired signal of 25 mV in the 3.2-kHz IERW the
	desired SNR ratio is >20 dB, when an undesired signal
	70-dB higher in amplitude & 35-kHz removed in frequency
	is present
Cross-Modulation	With a desired signal of 10 mV, an undesired signal 86-dB
	higher & 30% AM modulated produces <10% cross-
	modulation for frequency separation of >50 kHz in the
	1-kHz IFBW
Internal Spurious	
-	•
Blocking	
	signal of 1 mV will not cause the IF output to fall by more
	than 3 dB
Line Audio Outputs	
Number of Outputs	
	ISB mode: USB & LSB on separate
	All other modes: audio signal common to both outputs
Output Level	0 dBm, nominal into 600-ohm load
Connector Type	Screw terminals
Speaker Output	
Number of Outputs	
	ISB mode: USB & LSB selected individually, or combined
Bandwidth	
Output Level	
Total Harmonic Distortion	<3% at 1 W
Connector Type	Screw terminals
Headphone Output	
Number of Outputs	
	ISB mode: 1 output contains USB (left channel), the other
	contains LSB (right channel)
	All other modes: audio signal common to both outputs
Output Level	Adjustable up to 10 mW into 600-ohm load
Connector Type	Standard 1/4-in stereo jack
II	•
Remote Control	
RS-232	
	female D-shell connector)
CSMA	Half-duplex, rear-panel miniature phone jack

Environmental Specifications

Baud Rates (Both Interfaces)	. 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 & 9600 (selectable by internal switches)
Operating Temperature	. 0 to +50°C
Storage Temperature	40 to +70°C
Humidity	. 10 Cyclic days (240 hours); procedure III for continuous exposure to 95% RH (non-condensing)
Altitude	. 50,000 ft (15,240 meters) non-operating 24,000 ft (7,315 meters) operating
Shock	Bench handling (field service) 8 drops total onto a horizontal hard wooden surface - operating
MTBF	In excess of 13,000 hours (Estimated in accordance with MIL-HDBK 217E for ground fixed) +40°C environment
Power Requirements	. 97 to 253 Vac, 47 to 440 Hz
Power Consumption	. <30 W, typical with options

Options

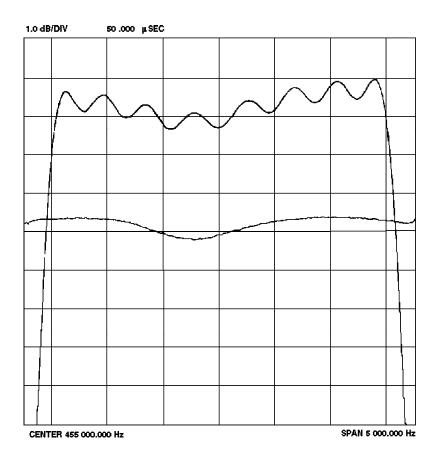
The WJ-8712A Digital HF Receiver is available in a variety of configurations. Continuous product improvements have produced significant enhancements and a wide array of options for the product line. See the WJ-871Y Option Matrix for current option availability.



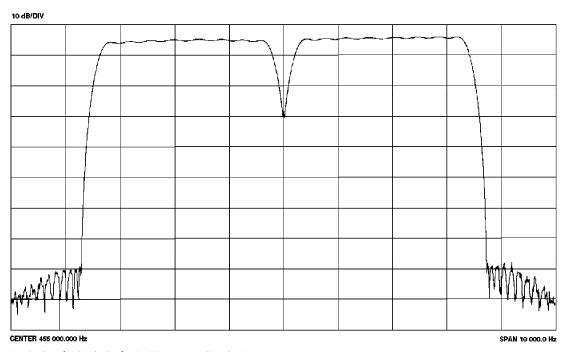
WJ-8712A Typical SSB IF Filter Group-Delay & Passband Ripple

Receiver Connectors

I/O	Function	Туре	
Input	Antenna External Reference Power Mute	BNC BNC IEC 3-pin Terminal Block	
Output	Signal Monitor IF Line Audio Output A Line Audio Output B Speaker dc-coupled Audio Squelch Headphone Received Signal Strength Indicator	BNC BNC Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Standard 1/4-in jack Terminal Block	
Bidirectional	CSMA Remote Interface RS-232 Remote Interface Control Interface Test Port	1/8th-in miniature stereo jack 25-pin female D-shell 25-pin D-shell	



WJ-8712A Typical 300-Hz IF Filter Amplitude Response



WJ-8712A Typical ISB (USB/LSB) IF Filter Amplitude Response